Vaccination planner

lolanda Born 01 Apr 2014

| 2 months (Jun 2014) | 1st: diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib The DTaP/IPV/Hib vaccine protects against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio and Haemophilus influenzae. 1st: pneumococcal infection The PCV vaccine protects against pneumococcal infection, which can cause pneumonia, septicaemia and meningitis. 1st: rotavirus The Rotarix vaccine protects against rotavirus, a common and highly contagious stomach bug. | |
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| 3 months (Jul 2014) | 2nd: diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib The DTaP/IPV/Hib vaccine protects against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio and Haemophilus influenzae. 1st: meningitis C The MenC vaccine protects against Meningococcal group C which can cause meningitis and septicaemia. 2nd: rotavirus The Rotarix vaccine protects against rotavirus, a common and highly contagious stomach bug. | |
| 4 months (Aug 2014) | 3rd: diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib The DTaP/IPV/Hib vaccine protects against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio and Haemophilus influenzae. 2nd: pneumococcal infection The PCV vaccine protects against pneumococcal infection, which can cause pneumonia, septicaemia and meningitis. | |
| 12-13 months (Apr 2015 - May 2015) | Booster: Hib, meningitis C The Hib/MenC booster vaccine protects against Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) and Meningitis C. 1st: measles, mumps, rubella The MMR combined vaccine protects against measles, mumps and rubella. Booster: pneumococcal infection The PCV vaccine protects against pneumococcal infection, which can cause pneumonia, septicaemia and meningitis. | |
| 2 and 3 years (Apr 2016 - Apr 2017) | 1st and 2nd: flu The Rotarix nasal spray vaccine will protect against flu and will be offered to all children at the age of 2 and 3. | |
| 3 years 4 months (Aug 2017) | Booster: diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio The DTaP/IPV booster vaccine protects against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) and polio. 2nd: measles, mumps, rubella The MMR booster vaccine provides protection against measles, mumps and rubella. | |
| 12-13 years (Apr 2026 - Apr 2027) | 1st, 2nd and 3rd: human papillomavirus The HPV vaccine protects against the two strains of HPV that cause cervical cancer in over 70% of cases. | |
| 13-15 years (Apr 2027 - Apr 2029) | Booster: meningitis C The MenC vaccine protects against Meningococcal group C which can cause meningitis and septicaemia. | |
| 13-18 years | Booster: diphtheria, tetanus, polio The Td/IPV hooster vaccine tops up the protection against tetanus, diphtheria and polio | |

All information in this chart is correct as of November 2013. The recommendations made are based on what you have told us and do not constitute medical advice. You should always talk to an appropriate health professional about immunisation. If your child has a long term chronic condition or has no spleen, they may need extra immunisations. As a result this schedule only applies to those who need routine immunisation. In other cases you should consult your doctor or nurse directly.

