

DERBYSHIRE JOINT AREA PRESCRIBING COMMITTEE (JAPC)

JAPC Briefing FreeStyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE

JAPC has classified Freestyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE as GREY after diabetes consultant/specialist initiation within a Derbyshire diabetes service*. The criteria and process below must be strictly adhered to.

* Permitted for NHS patients started outside of Derbyshire that comply with NHSE criteria and undertaking the national audit or following an APC shared care agreement

Identification

Consultant identifies those with Type 1 diabetes

- Or with any form of diabetes on haemodialysis and on insulin treatment
 - who are clinically indicated as requiring intensive monitoring >8 times daily
 - OR with diabetes associated with cystic fibrosis on insulin treatment
- Pregnant women with Type 1 Diabetes, with 12 months in total inclusive of post-delivery period
- People with Type 1 diabetes unable to routinely self-monitor blood glucose due to disability who require carers to support glucose monitoring and insulin management.
- People with Type 1 diabetes for whom the specialist diabetes MDT determines have occupational or psychosocial circumstances that warrant a 6-month trial of Libre with appropriate adjunct support.
- For those with Type 1 diabetes who have recently developed recurrent severe hypoglycaemia or impaired awareness of hypoglycaemia (defined for example using Gold score ≥4) NICE suggests that Continuous Glucose Monitoring with an alarm is the standard. Other evidence-based alternatives with NICE guidance or NICE TA support are pump therapy, psychological support, structured education, islet transplantation and whole pancreas transplantation. However, if the person with diabetes and their clinician considers that a Flash Glucose Monitoring system/Dexcom 1 would be more appropriate for the individual's specific situation, then this can be considered.
- People with Type 1 diabetes or insulin treated Type 2 diabetes who are living with a learning disability and recorded on their GP Learning Disability register.

Baseline clinical data

- Complete baseline FreeStyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE Audit form (https://abcd.care/launch-abcd-nationwide-freestyle-libre-audit), documenting reason for initiation.
- Ensure recent HbA1c available
- Consultant referral for Freestyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE initiation

Education session

- Contract for Freestyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE use completed
- Person with diabetes attends FreeStyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE education session or due consideration given to
 future attendance, at a Type 1 diabetes structured education programme (DAFNE or equivalent if available locally)
- Provided with FreeStyle Libre 2 starter kit of reader and 1 sensor (a sensor lasts 14 days) or Dexcom ONE 10-day starter pack (consists of one 10-day sensor and a 3-month transmitter)
- Ensure baseline data collected and HbA1C available from within past 2 months
- Agree to scan glucose levels no less than 8 times per day and use the sensor >70% of the time

GP prescription request

• FreeStyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE request to GP, with assurance of patient eligibility criteria. Practices will be provided with individual patient information to confirm eligibility for Freestyle Libre 2/Dexcom ONE from the specialist.

Follow up

- Consultant responsible for the patient must ensure follow up audit data is captured within 6 months of initiation. Agree to regular reviews with the local clinical teams.
- Continuing prescriptions for long-term use of a sensor post initial 6 months would be contingent upon evidence of agreeing with the above conditions and that on-going use of the Flash/Dexcom glucose Monitoring is demonstrably improving an individual's diabetes self-management for example improvement of HbA1c or Time In Range; improvement in symptoms such as DKA or hypoglycaemia; or improvement in psycho-social wellbeing.
- Stop prescription if no benefit or DNA

Review

• 6 monthly or periodic review



Existing patients

Previous self-funders of Flash Glucose Monitors with Type 1 diabetes where those with clinical responsibility for their diabetes care are satisfied that their clinical history suggests that they would have satisfied one or more of these criteria prior to them commencing use of Flash Glucose Monitoring had these criteria been in place prior to April 2019 AND has shown improvement in HbA1c since self-funding.

How do you discard the disposable components, for example sensor pack and applicator? Freestyle Libre 2:

- Used or unused sensor packaging can go in general waste
- Once the sensor has been placed on the arm, the used applicator (which contains a needle) and the lid can be screwed back together and can be placed in a yellow biohazard bag or sharps box
- The used sensor should be placed in a clinical waste sharps box

Dexcom ONE:

Used sensors should be disposed of in a sharps bin. 4L and 7L Sharpsafe disposal bins need to be available for the safe disposal of diabetes devices as per device company advice. This can be prescribed on an FP10 prescription by the GP. The collection and disposal of the full bins should be as per local arrangements applicable to that local authority.

Suitable sharp boxes include 'Sharpsafe disposal unit 4 litre yellow' and 'Sharpsafe disposal unit 7 litre yellow'

NB – alcohol wipes are no longer supplied with Freestyle Libre – please advise patients that these can be purchased at minimal cost from pharmacies and other retailers. See https://freestylediabetes.co.uk/freestyle-libre/fags

Dexcom ONE consists of:

- 1. Sensors with an auto applicator last 10 days
- 2. Transmitter fixed on top of the sensor. 3-month battery life
- 3. App accessed on a compatible smartphone.

The transmitter should be prescribed every 3 months.

Document updates	Date updated		
Disposal information added	Sept 2019		
Clarification of identification section the criteria is for patients with type 1 diabetes	Oct 2019		
Sharps box information added			
LD included as criteria for initiation	Nov 2020		
Traffic light name change from Brown to Grey	Jan 2021		
Note on alcohol wipes	March 2021		
Addition of Dexcom1 and amendment to Freestyle Libre 2	September 2022		
Update info on Dexcome ONE transmitter	Feb 2023		
Review date extended to December 2023	March 2023		

Useful Links

NHS England Flash Glucose Monitoring: National Arrangements for Funding of Relevant Diabetes Patients https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/flash-glucose-monitoring-national-arrangements-for-funding-of-relevant-diabetes-patients/

Association of Children's Diabetes Clinicians (ACDC) Information to help a formulary case for Freestyle Libre system for use in children, young people and adults with diabetes http://www.a-c-d-c.org/position-statements/ Online education platform for the Freestyle Libre https://abcd.care/node/778 Dexcom ONE Glucose Monitor for Type 1 - Type 2 Diabetes | Dexcom UK



Appendix 1 ABCD Nationwide FreeStyle Libre Audit Form- Initiation (First visit) http://www.diabetologists-abcd.org.uk/FSL/ABCD_FreeStyle_Libre_Audit_Visit1_Form.pdf

The ABCD Nationwide FreeStyle Libre audit is an independent audit supported by an unrestricted grant from Abbott

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ate of Birth	/	/	Other ethnic group	Chinese Any other group Not stated				
ender	Male	Female	Driving status	Does not drive Standard licence Taxi licence HGV licence				
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	FREESTYLE LIBRE							
his assessment:	r to commencing FreeSty	la Libra?	Recorded retroepe	ectively – i.e. after FreeStyle Libre started?				
Recorded prior to commencing FreeStyle Libre? hat is the date of FreeStyle Libre start? (best estimate if uncertain)				If not, intended date of initiation of FreeStyle Libre				
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Don't

Reason for starting FreeStyle Libre (please tick as many boxes as apply) High HbA1c Recurrent hospital admissions Replacement of SMBG (>2 DKA or hypo per year) ≥ 8 tests per day < 8 tests per day Frequent hypoglycaemia Recently developed hypoglycaemic NICE criteria for insulin pump fulfilled, where unawareness successful trial might avoid insulin pump Fear of hypoglycaemia High glucose variability Unable to self monitor, need third party assistance Gastroparesis Patient choice Hemodialysis Cystic fibrosis Pregnant (estimated date of delivery) Psychosocial circumstance Previous self funder with HbA1c improvement Occupational circumstance Other diabetes complications (please specify) Other reasons (please specify) HAS THE PATIENT HAD STRUCTURED EDUCATION? Don't know Not as far as I am aware Yes If yes, please specify DAFNE DESMOND/X-PERT Other (please specify) Date of last training (best estimate if uncertain) **USE OF NHS RESOURCES BEFORE STARTING FREESTYLE LIBRE** Answer for 12 MONTH period before starting Freestyle Libre. If filling in retrospectively please fill in follow up form at the same visit. For all questions extract data from records otherwise use best estimate where possible. Average number of SMBG tests in Don't Average number the last 2 weeks per day know Hyperglycaemia/DKA Unclassifiable In the year before starting Hypoglycaemia Other diabetes related FreeStyle Libre Number of admissions Date(s) Number of paramedic call outs not resulting in admission Date(s)

HYPOGLYCAEMIC AWARENESS BEFORE STARTING FREESTYLE LIBRE

Number of hypoglycaemic episodes requiring third party

assistance not resulting in paramedic call outs or admission

PLEASE DON'T ENTER RECOLLECTED INFORMATION. Only enter if information obtained prospectively or contemporaneous data present in patient records.

Date(s)

Number

Assessment of awareness of hypoglycaemia (Gold Score). Does the patient know when hypos are commencing?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

1 = Always aware, 7 = Never aware.



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Appendix 2: ABCD Nationwide FreeStyle Libre Audit Form- Follow up visit http://www.diabetologists-abcd.org.uk/FSL/ABCD_FreeStyle_Libre_Audit_Follow_Up_Form.pdf

The ABCD Nationwide FreeStyle Libre audit is an independent audit supported by an unrestricted grant from Abbott ABCD Nationwide FreeStyle Libre Audit **Follow Up Visit Data Collection Form** Clinician Centre ID **GENERAL INFORMATION** PATIENT INFORMATION Please record patient name and date of birth below Visit date OR If this is the first follow up Affix patient label here visit please confirm the date patient started FreeStyle Libre Patient still using No FreeStyle Libre? Has the patient had training If no, when was FreeStyle Yes No and education on FreeStyle Libre stopped? Libre? Why was FreeStyle Libre Lack of funding Patient choice Online If yes, which: stopped? FreeStyle Libre Lack of benefit Group education site problem Other (please specify) One to one education If FreeStyle Libre utilised Yes No during pregnancy has patient now delivered FreeStyle Libre site No If yes: actual date of delivery problems? If yes, please describe Any other problems with using FreeStyle Libre (please specify) **USE OF NHS RESOURCES SINCE STARTING FREESTYLE LIBRE** For all questions extract data from records otherwise use best estimate where possible. Since last visit Hyperglycaemia/DKA Hypoglycaemia Unclassifiable Other diabetes related Number of admissions Date(s) Number of paramedic call outs not resulting in admission Date(s) Number of hypoglycaemic episodes requiring third party Don't Date(s) Number assistance not resulting in paramedic call outs or admission HYPOGLYCAEMIC AWARENESS PLEASE DON'T ENTER RECOLLECTED INFORMATION. Only enter if information obtained prospectively or contemporaneous data present in patient records. Assessment of awareness of hypoglycaemia (Gold Score). Does the patient know when hypos are commencing?

> Produced: January 2018 Updated: April 2019 Review Date: March 2022 extended to December 2023

5

6

4

1 = Always aware, 7 = Never aware.

1

2



HYPOGLYCAEMIA IN GENERAL												
With initial use of Free	Style Libre did the	user detec	ct a grea	ter propo	rtion o	of time in hypog	jlycae	mia than w	hen using	j blood g	lucose	monitoring?
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With ongoing use of Fr	reeStyle Libre has	the user be	een able	to reduce	the p	roportion of tir	ne in I	nypoglycae	mia?			
No				Yes				U	nchanged			
As a result of FreeStyle	ELibre has the pat	ient been a	able to re	duce the	rate o	of hypoglycaem	nia?					
No		Yes	s - a little	less				Yes -	- a lot less			
As a result of FreeStyle	e Libre has the pat	ient been a	able to re	duce the	rate o	of nocturnal hyp	poglyd	aemia?				
No		Yes	s - a little	less				Yes -	- a lot less			
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1 Feeling overwhelmed demands of living with												
2 Feeling that I am often failing with my diabetes routine												
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